

# Weighted Automata and Weighted Logics with Discounting

Manfred Droste<sup>1</sup> and George Rahonis<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Leipzig University, Germany

<sup>2</sup>Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Greece

CIAA 2007

Prague, July 16-18, 2007

- $A$  alphabet,  $A^\omega = \{\text{all infinite words over } A\}$

## Theorem (Büchi '62)

*Let  $L \subseteq A^\omega$ . The following are equivalent:*

- $A$  alphabet,  $A^\omega = \{\text{all infinite words over } A\}$

## Theorem (Büchi '62)

Let  $L \subseteq A^\omega$ . The following are equivalent:

- $L$  is Büchi recognizable

- $A$  alphabet,  $A^\omega = \{\text{all infinite words over } A\}$

## Theorem (Büchi '62)

Let  $L \subseteq A^\omega$ . The following are equivalent:

- $L$  is Büchi recognizable
- $L$  is MSO-definable

- $A$  alphabet,  $A^\omega = \{\text{all infinite words over } A\}$

## Theorem (Büchi '62)

Let  $L \subseteq A^\omega$ . The following are equivalent:

- $L$  is Büchi recognizable
- $L$  is MSO-definable
- $L$  is  $\omega$ -rational

- A alphabet,  $A^\omega = \{\text{all infinite words over } A\}$

## Theorem (Büchi '62)

Let  $L \subseteq A^\omega$ . The following are equivalent:

- *L is Büchi recognizable*
- *L is MSO-definable*
- *L is  $\omega$ -rational*
- *L is Muller recognizable (McNaughton '66)*

- A alphabet,  $A^\omega = \{\text{all infinite words over } A\}$

## Theorem (Büchi '62)

Let  $L \subseteq A^\omega$ . The following are equivalent:

- $L$  is Büchi recognizable
- $L$  is MSO-definable
- $L$  is  $\omega$ -rational
- $L$  is Muller recognizable (McNaughton '66)

- Goal of this work:  
Generalization to weighted automata

- A alphabet,  $A^\omega = \{\text{all infinite words over } A\}$

## Theorem (Büchi '62)

Let  $L \subseteq A^\omega$ . The following are equivalent:

- $L$  is Büchi recognizable
- $L$  is MSO-definable
- $L$  is  $\omega$ -rational
- $L$  is Muller recognizable (McNaughton '66)

- Goal of this work:  
Generalization to weighted automata
  - Question: Is this task just a simple generalization?



- A alphabet,  $A^\omega = \{\text{all infinite words over } A\}$

## Theorem (Büchi '62)

Let  $L \subseteq A^\omega$ . The following are equivalent:

- $L$  is Büchi recognizable
- $L$  is MSO-definable
- $L$  is  $\omega$ -rational
- $L$  is Muller recognizable (McNaughton '66)

- Goal of this work:  
Generalization to weighted automata
  - Question: Is this task just a simple generalization?
  - Answer: No

- $A$  alphabet,  $K$  semiring

- $A$  alphabet,  $K$  semiring
- Weighted automaton over  $A$  and  $K$  (Schützenberger '61)

$$\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, out)$$

- $A$  alphabet,  $K$  semiring
- Weighted automaton over  $A$  and  $K$  (Schützenberger '61)

$$\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, out)$$

- $Q$  : finite state set

- $A$  alphabet,  $K$  semiring
- Weighted automaton over  $A$  and  $K$  (Schützenberger '61)

$$\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, out)$$

- $Q$  : finite state set
- $in : Q \rightarrow K$  initial distribution

- $A$  alphabet,  $K$  semiring
- Weighted automaton over  $A$  and  $K$  (Schützenberger '61)

$$\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, out)$$

- $Q$  : finite state set
- $in : Q \rightarrow K$  initial distribution
- $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow K$  weight transition mapping

- $A$  alphabet,  $K$  semiring
- Weighted automaton over  $A$  and  $K$  (Schützenberger '61)

$$\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, out)$$

- $Q$  : finite state set
- $in : Q \rightarrow K$  initial distribution
- $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow K$  weight transition mapping
- $out : Q \rightarrow K$  final distribution

- $A$  alphabet,  $K$  semiring
- Weighted automaton over  $A$  and  $K$  (Schützenberger '61)

$$\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, out)$$

- $Q$  : finite state set
  - $in : Q \rightarrow K$  initial distribution
  - $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow K$  weight transition mapping
  - $out : Q \rightarrow K$  final distribution
- a *path of  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots a_{n-1} \in A^*$*  :



- $A$  alphabet,  $K$  semiring
- Weighted automaton over  $A$  and  $K$  (Schützenberger '61)

$$\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, out)$$

- $Q$  : finite state set
  - $in : Q \rightarrow K$  initial distribution
  - $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow K$  weight transition mapping
  - $out : Q \rightarrow K$  final distribution
- a path of  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots a_{n-1} \in A^*$  :
  - $P_w = (t_i)_{0 \leq i \leq n-1}$ ,  $t_i = (q_i, a_i, q_{i+1})$  ( $0 \leq i \leq n-1$ )

- $A$  alphabet,  $K$  semiring
- Weighted automaton over  $A$  and  $K$  (Schützenberger '61)

$$\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, out)$$

- $Q$  : finite state set
- $in : Q \rightarrow K$  initial distribution
- $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow K$  weight transition mapping
- $out : Q \rightarrow K$  final distribution
- a path of  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots a_{n-1} \in A^*$  :
- $P_w = (t_i)_{0 \leq i \leq n-1}$ ,  $t_i = (q_i, a_i, q_{i+1})$  ( $0 \leq i \leq n-1$ )
- $weight(P_w) := in(q_0) \cdot \prod_{0 \leq i \leq n-1} wt(t_i) \cdot out(q_n)$

- $A$  alphabet,  $K$  semiring
- Weighted automaton over  $A$  and  $K$  (Schützenberger '61)

$$\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, out)$$

- $Q$  : finite state set
- $in : Q \rightarrow K$  initial distribution
- $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow K$  weight transition mapping
- $out : Q \rightarrow K$  final distribution
- a path of  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots a_{n-1} \in A^*$  :
- $P_w = (t_i)_{0 \leq i \leq n-1}$ ,  $t_i = (q_i, a_i, q_{i+1})$  ( $0 \leq i \leq n-1$ )
- $weight(P_w) := in(q_0) \cdot \prod_{0 \leq i \leq n-1} wt(t_i) \cdot out(q_n)$
- behavior of  $\mathcal{A}$ :  $\|\mathcal{A}\| : A^* \rightarrow K$

- $A$  alphabet,  $K$  semiring
- Weighted automaton over  $A$  and  $K$  (Schützenberger '61)

$$\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, out)$$

- $Q$  : finite state set
- $in : Q \rightarrow K$  initial distribution
- $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow K$  weight transition mapping
- $out : Q \rightarrow K$  final distribution
- a path of  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots a_{n-1} \in A^*$  :
- $P_w = (t_i)_{0 \leq i \leq n-1}$ ,  $t_i = (q_i, a_i, q_{i+1})$  ( $0 \leq i \leq n-1$ )
- $weight(P_w) := in(q_0) \cdot \prod_{0 \leq i \leq n-1} wt(t_i) \cdot out(q_n)$
- behavior of  $\mathcal{A}$ :  $\|\mathcal{A}\| : A^* \rightarrow K$
- $w \mapsto \sum_{P_w} weight(P_w)$

- $A$  alphabet,  $K$  semiring
- Weighted automaton over  $A$  and  $K$  (Schützenberger '61)

$$\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, out)$$

- $Q$  : finite state set
- $in : Q \rightarrow K$  initial distribution
- $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow K$  weight transition mapping
- $out : Q \rightarrow K$  final distribution
- a path of  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots a_{n-1} \in A^*$  :
- $P_w = (t_i)_{0 \leq i \leq n-1}$ ,  $t_i = (q_i, a_i, q_{i+1})$  ( $0 \leq i \leq n-1$ )
- $weight(P_w) := in(q_0) \cdot \prod_{0 \leq i \leq n-1} wt(t_i) \cdot out(q_n)$
- behavior of  $\mathcal{A}$ :  $\|\mathcal{A}\| : A^* \rightarrow K$
- $w \mapsto \sum_{P_w} weight(P_w)$
- a path of  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots \in A^\omega$  :

- $A$  alphabet,  $K$  semiring
- Weighted automaton over  $A$  and  $K$  (Schützenberger '61)

$$\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, out)$$

- $Q$  : finite state set
- $in : Q \rightarrow K$  initial distribution
- $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow K$  weight transition mapping
- $out : Q \rightarrow K$  final distribution
- a path of  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots a_{n-1} \in A^*$  :
- $P_w = (t_i)_{0 \leq i \leq n-1}$ ,  $t_i = (q_i, a_i, q_{i+1})$  ( $0 \leq i \leq n-1$ )
- $weight(P_w) := in(q_0) \cdot \prod_{0 \leq i \leq n-1} wt(t_i) \cdot out(q_n)$
- behavior of  $\mathcal{A}$ :  $\|\mathcal{A}\| : A^* \rightarrow K$
- $w \mapsto \sum_{P_w} weight(P_w)$
- a path of  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots \in A^\omega$  :
- $P_w = (t_i)_{i \geq 0}$ ,  $t_i = (q_i, a_i, q_{i+1})$  ( $i \geq 0$ )

- $A$  alphabet,  $K$  semiring
- Weighted automaton over  $A$  and  $K$  (Schützenberger '61)

$$\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, out)$$

- $Q$  : finite state set
- $in : Q \rightarrow K$  initial distribution
- $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow K$  weight transition mapping
- $out : Q \rightarrow K$  final distribution
- a path of  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots a_{n-1} \in A^*$  :
- $P_w = (t_i)_{0 \leq i \leq n-1}$ ,  $t_i = (q_i, a_i, q_{i+1})$  ( $0 \leq i \leq n-1$ )
- $weight(P_w) := in(q_0) \cdot \prod_{0 \leq i \leq n-1} wt(t_i) \cdot out(q_n)$
- behavior of  $\mathcal{A}$ :  $\|\mathcal{A}\| : A^* \rightarrow K$
- $w \mapsto \sum_{P_w} weight(P_w)$
- a path of  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots \in A^\omega$  :
- $P_w = (t_i)_{i \geq 0}$ ,  $t_i = (q_i, a_i, q_{i+1})$  ( $i \geq 0$ )
- **Problem:**  $weight(P_w) = ?$

## Solution

- *Consider complete semirings*



## Solution

- Consider complete semirings
  - *S. Eilenberg, Z. Ésik & W. Kuich, M. Droste & G. Rahonis*

## Solution

- *Consider complete semirings*
  - *S. Eilenberg, Z. Ésik & W. Kuich, M. Droste & G. Rahonis*
- *Very particular automata*

## Solution

- *Consider complete semirings*
  - *S. Eilenberg, Z. Ésik & W. Kuich, M. Droste & G. Rahonis*
- *Very particular automata*
  - *K. Culik II & J. Karhumäki*

## Solution

- *Consider complete semirings*
  - *S. Eilenberg, Z. Ésik & W. Kuich, M. Droste & G. Rahonis*
- *Very particular automata*
  - *K. Culik II & J. Karhumäki*
  - *real functions, digital image processing*

## Solution

- *Consider complete semirings*
  - *S. Eilenberg, Z. Ésik & W. Kuich, M. Droste & G. Rahonis*
- *Very particular automata*
  - *K. Culik II & J. Karhumäki*
  - *real functions, digital image processing*
- *Discounting as in mathematical economics, game theory, Markov processes*

## Solution

- *Consider complete semirings*
  - *S. Eilenberg, Z. Ésik & W. Kuich, M. Droste & G. Rahonis*
- *Very particular automata*
  - *K. Culik II & J. Karhumäki*
  - *real functions, digital image processing*
- *Discounting as in mathematical economics, game theory, Markov processes*
  - *M. Droste & D. Kuske*

## Solution

- *Consider complete semirings*
    - *S. Eilenberg, Z. Ésik & W. Kuich, M. Droste & G. Rahonis*
  - *Very particular automata*
    - *K. Culik II & J. Karhumäki*
    - *real functions, digital image processing*
  - *Discounting as in mathematical economics, game theory, Markov processes*
    - *M. Droste & D. Kuske*
- **We adopt the discounting method**

## Solution

- *Consider complete semirings*
  - *S. Eilenberg, Z. Ésik & W. Kuich, M. Droste & G. Rahonis*
- *Very particular automata*
  - *K. Culik II & J. Karhumäki*
  - *real functions, digital image processing*
- *Discounting as in mathematical economics, game theory, Markov processes*
  - *M. Droste & D. Kuske*
- We adopt the discounting method
- **Underlying semirings:**



## Solution

- Consider complete semirings
  - *S. Eilenberg, Z. Ésik & W. Kuich, M. Droste & G. Rahonis*
- Very particular automata
  - *K. Culik II & J. Karhumäki*
  - *real functions, digital image processing*
- Discounting as in mathematical economics, game theory, Markov processes
  - *M. Droste & D. Kuske*
- We adopt the discounting method
- Underlying semirings:
  - *max-plus:  $\mathbb{R}_{\max} = (\mathbb{R}_+ \cup \{-\infty\}, \vee, +, -\infty, 0)$*

## Solution

- Consider complete semirings
  - *S. Eilenberg, Z. Ésik & W. Kuich, M. Droste & G. Rahonis*
- Very particular automata
  - *K. Culik II & J. Karhumäki*
  - *real functions, digital image processing*
- Discounting as in mathematical economics, game theory, Markov processes
  - *M. Droste & D. Kuske*
- We adopt the discounting method
- Underlying semirings:
  - *max-plus*:  $\mathbb{R}_{\max} = (\mathbb{R}_+ \cup \{-\infty\}, \vee, +, -\infty, 0)$
  - *min-plus*:  $\mathbb{R}_{\min} = (\mathbb{R}_+ \cup \{\infty\}, \min, +, \infty, 0)$

- $p \in \mathbb{R}_+, p \cdot (-\infty) = -\infty$

- $p \in \mathbb{R}_+$ ,  $p \cdot (-\infty) = -\infty$
- the mapping  $\bar{p} : \mathbb{R}_{\max} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$ ,  $x \mapsto p \cdot x$  is an endomorphism of  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$

- $p \in \mathbb{R}_+$ ,  $p \cdot (-\infty) = -\infty$
- the mapping  $\bar{p} : \mathbb{R}_{\max} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$ ,  $x \mapsto p \cdot x$  is an endomorphism of  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$
- *Each endomorphism of  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  is of the above form (Droste and Kuske '06)*

## Definition

- A *weighted Büchi automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, F)$

## Definition

- A *weighted Büchi automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, F)$ 
  - $Q$  : finite state set

## Definition

- A *weighted Büchi automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, F)$ 
  - $Q$  : finite state set
  - $in : Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  **initial distribution**



## Definition

- A *weighted Büchi automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, F)$ 
  - $Q$  : finite state set
  - $in : Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  initial distribution
  - $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  weight transition mapping

## Definition

- A *weighted Büchi automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, F)$ 
  - $Q$  : finite state set
  - $in : Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  initial distribution
  - $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  weight transition mapping
  - $F \subseteq Q$  : final state set

## Definition

- A *weighted Büchi automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, F)$ 
  - $Q$  : finite state set
  - $in : Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  initial distribution
  - $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  weight transition mapping
  - $F \subseteq Q$  : final state set
- A *weighted Muller automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, \mathcal{F})$

## Definition

- A *weighted Büchi automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, F)$ 
  - $Q$  : finite state set
  - $in : Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  initial distribution
  - $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  weight transition mapping
  - $F \subseteq Q$  : final state set
- A *weighted Muller automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, \mathcal{F})$ 
  - $Q, in, wt$  as above

## Definition

- A *weighted Büchi automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, F)$ 
  - $Q$  : finite state set
  - $in : Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  initial distribution
  - $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  weight transition mapping
  - $F \subseteq Q$  : final state set
- A *weighted Muller automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, \mathcal{F})$ 
  - $Q, in, wt$  as above
  - $\mathcal{F} \subseteq \mathcal{P}(Q)$  final state sets.

## Definition

- A *weighted Büchi automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, F)$ 
    - $Q$  : finite state set
    - $in : Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  initial distribution
    - $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  weight transition mapping
    - $F \subseteq Q$  : final state set
  - A *weighted Muller automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, \mathcal{F})$ 
    - $Q, in, wt$  as above
    - $\mathcal{F} \subseteq \mathcal{P}(Q)$  final state sets.
- a path of  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots \in A^\omega$  :  
 $P_w = (t_i)_{i \geq 0}$ ,  $t_i = (q_i, a_i, q_{i+1})$  ( $i \geq 0$ )

## Definition

- A *weighted Büchi automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, F)$ 
  - $Q$  : finite state set
  - $in : Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  initial distribution
  - $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  weight transition mapping
  - $F \subseteq Q$  : final state set
- A *weighted Muller automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, \mathcal{F})$ 
  - $Q, in, wt$  as above
  - $\mathcal{F} \subseteq \mathcal{P}(Q)$  final state sets.
- a path of  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots \in A^\omega$  :  
 $P_w = (t_i)_{i \geq 0}$ ,  $t_i = (q_i, a_i, q_{i+1})$  ( $i \geq 0$ )
- let  $0 \leq p < 1$

## Definition

- A *weighted Büchi automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, F)$ 
  - $Q$  : finite state set
  - $in : Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  initial distribution
  - $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  weight transition mapping
  - $F \subseteq Q$  : final state set
- A *weighted Muller automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, \mathcal{F})$ 
  - $Q, in, wt$  as above
  - $\mathcal{F} \subseteq \mathcal{P}(Q)$  final state sets.
- a path of  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots \in A^\omega$  :  
 $P_w = (t_i)_{i \geq 0}$ ,  $t_i = (q_i, a_i, q_{i+1})$  ( $i \geq 0$ )
- let  $0 \leq p < 1$
- $weight(P_w) := in(q_0) + \sum_{i \geq 0} p^i \cdot wt(t_i)$



## Definition

- A *weighted Büchi automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, F)$ 
  - $Q$  : finite state set
  - $in : Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  initial distribution
  - $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  weight transition mapping
  - $F \subseteq Q$  : final state set
- A *weighted Muller automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, \mathcal{F})$ 
  - $Q, in, wt$  as above
  - $\mathcal{F} \subseteq \mathcal{P}(Q)$  final state sets.
- a path of  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots \in A^\omega$  :  
 $P_w = (t_i)_{i \geq 0}$ ,  $t_i = (q_i, a_i, q_{i+1})$  ( $i \geq 0$ )
- let  $0 \leq p < 1$
- $weight(P_w) := in(q_0) + \sum_{i \geq 0} p^i \cdot wt(t_i)$
- $C = \max\{in(q), wt(t) \mid q \in Q, t \in Q \times A \times Q\}$

## Definition

- A *weighted Büchi automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, F)$ 
  - $Q$  : finite state set
  - $in : Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  initial distribution
  - $wt : Q \times A \times Q \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  weight transition mapping
  - $F \subseteq Q$  : final state set
- A *weighted Muller automaton* over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  :  $\mathcal{A} = (Q, in, wt, \mathcal{F})$ 
  - $Q, in, wt$  as above
  - $\mathcal{F} \subseteq \mathcal{P}(Q)$  final state sets.

- a path of  $\mathcal{A}$  over  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots \in A^\omega$  :  
 $P_w = (t_i)_{i \geq 0}$ ,  $t_i = (q_i, a_i, q_{i+1})$  ( $i \geq 0$ )
- let  $0 \leq p < 1$
- $weight(P_w) := in(q_0) + \sum_{i \geq 0} p^i \cdot wt(t_i)$
- $C = \max\{in(q), wt(t) \mid q \in Q, t \in Q \times A \times Q\}$
- $weight(P_w) \leq C + C \cdot \frac{1}{1-p} < \infty$

- $In^Q(P_w) = \{q \in Q \mid \exists^\omega i : t_i = (q, a_i, q_{i+1})\}$

- $In^Q(P_w) = \{q \in Q \mid \exists^\omega i : t_i = (q, a_i, q_{i+1})\}$
- $P_w$  is successful if  $\begin{cases} In^Q(P_w) \cap F \neq \emptyset & \text{Büchi} \\ In^Q(P_w) \in \mathcal{F} & \text{Muller} \end{cases}$

- $In^Q(P_w) = \{q \in Q \mid \exists^\omega i : t_i = (q, a_i, q_{i+1})\}$
- $P_w$  is *successful* if  $\begin{cases} In^Q(P_w) \cap F \neq \emptyset & \text{Büchi} \\ In^Q(P_w) \in \mathcal{F} & \text{Muller} \end{cases}$
- The *p-behavior* of  $\mathcal{A}$  :  $\|\mathcal{A}\| : A^\omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$

- $In^Q(P_w) = \{q \in Q \mid \exists^\omega i : t_i = (q, a_i, q_{i+1})\}$
- $P_w$  is *successful* if  $\begin{cases} In^Q(P_w) \cap F \neq \emptyset & \text{Büchi} \\ In^Q(P_w) \in \mathcal{F} & \text{Muller} \end{cases}$
- The  $p$ -behavior of  $\mathcal{A}$ :  $\|\mathcal{A}\| : A^\omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$
- $w \mapsto \bigvee_{P_w \text{ successful}} \text{weight}(P_w)$

- $In^Q(P_w) = \{q \in Q \mid \exists^\omega i : t_i = (q, a_i, q_{i+1})\}$
- $P_w$  is successful if  $\begin{cases} In^Q(P_w) \cap F \neq \emptyset & \text{Büchi} \\ In^Q(P_w) \in \mathcal{F} & \text{Muller} \end{cases}$
- The  $p$ -behavior of  $\mathcal{A}$ :  $\|\mathcal{A}\| : A^\omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$
- $w \mapsto \bigvee_{P_w \text{ successful}} weight(P_w)$
- **Example**  $a \in A, k \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}$ , Büchi automaton  $\mathcal{A} = (\{q\}, in, wt, \{q\})$

- $In^Q(P_w) = \{q \in Q \mid \exists^\omega i : t_i = (q, a_i, q_{i+1})\}$
- $P_w$  is successful if  $\begin{cases} In^Q(P_w) \cap F \neq \emptyset & \text{Büchi} \\ In^Q(P_w) \in \mathcal{F} & \text{Muller} \end{cases}$
- The  $p$ -behavior of  $\mathcal{A}$ :  $\|\mathcal{A}\| : A^\omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$
- $w \mapsto \bigvee_{P_w \text{ successful}} weight(P_w)$
- **Example**  $a \in A, k \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}$ , Büchi automaton  $\mathcal{A} = (\{q\}, in, wt, \{q\})$
- $in(q) = 0$



- $In^Q(P_w) = \{q \in Q \mid \exists^\omega i : t_i = (q, a_i, q_{i+1})\}$
- $P_w$  is successful if  $\begin{cases} In^Q(P_w) \cap F \neq \emptyset & \text{Büchi} \\ In^Q(P_w) \in \mathcal{F} & \text{Muller} \end{cases}$
- The  $p$ -behavior of  $\mathcal{A}$ :  $\|\mathcal{A}\| : A^\omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$
- $w \mapsto \bigvee_{P_w \text{ successful}} weight(P_w)$
- **Example**  $a \in A, k \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}$ , Büchi automaton  $\mathcal{A} = (\{q\}, in, wt, \{q\})$
- $in(q) = 0$
- $wt(q, a, q) = k, wt(q, a', q) = 0$  ( $a' \in A, a' \neq a$ )

- $In^Q(P_w) = \{q \in Q \mid \exists^\omega i : t_i = (q, a_i, q_{i+1})\}$
- $P_w$  is successful if  $\begin{cases} In^Q(P_w) \cap F \neq \emptyset & \text{Büchi} \\ In^Q(P_w) \in \mathcal{F} & \text{Muller} \end{cases}$
- The  $p$ -behavior of  $\mathcal{A}$ :  $\|\mathcal{A}\| : A^\omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$
- $w \mapsto \bigvee_{P_w \text{ successful}} weight(P_w)$
- **Example**  $a \in A, k \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}$ , Büchi automaton  $\mathcal{A} = (\{q\}, in, wt, \{q\})$
- $in(q) = 0$
- $wt(q, a, q) = k, wt(q, a', q) = 0 (a' \in A, a' \neq a)$
- Then  $w \mapsto k \cdot \sum_{i \in \omega, a_i = a} p^i$   
gives the *discounted cost of a's in w*

- $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle = \{\text{all Büchi (or } \omega\text{-) recognizable series}\}$

- $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle = \{\text{all Büchi (or } \omega\text{-) recognizable series}\}$
- $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-M-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle = \{\text{all Muller recognizable series}\}$

- $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle = \{\text{all Büchi (or } \omega\text{-) recognizable series}\}$
- $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-M-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle = \{\text{all Muller recognizable series}\}$

### Theorem (first main result)

$$\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle = \mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-M-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle$$

- $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle = \{\text{all Büchi (or } \omega\text{-) recognizable series}\}$
- $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-M-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle = \{\text{all Muller recognizable series}\}$

### Theorem (first main result)

$$\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle = \mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-M-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle$$

- $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle$  is closed under max, sum and scalar sum and application of strict alphabetic homomorphisms  $h : A^\omega \rightarrow B^\omega$  and their inverses

- $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle = \{\text{all Büchi (or } \omega\text{-) recognizable series}\}$
- $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-M-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle = \{\text{all Muller recognizable series}\}$

### Theorem (first main result)

$$\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle = \mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-M-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle$$

- $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle$  is closed under max, sum and scalar sum and application of strict alphabetic homomorphisms  $h : A^\omega \rightarrow B^\omega$  and their inverses
- *Let  $L \in \omega - Rec(A)$ . Then  $1_L \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle$ .*

## Definition

The syntax of the weighted MSO-formulas over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  is given by

$$\varphi := k \mid P_a(x) \mid \neg P_a(x) \mid S(x, y) \mid \neg S(x, y) \mid x \leq y \mid \neg(x \leq y)$$
$$\mid x \in X \mid \neg(x \in X) \mid \varphi \vee \psi \mid \varphi \wedge \psi \mid \exists x. \varphi \mid \exists X. \varphi \mid \forall x. \varphi$$

$k \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}, a \in A.$

- $MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A) = \{\text{all weighted MSO-formulas over } A \text{ and } \mathbb{R}_{\max}\}.$



## Definition

The syntax of the weighted MSO-formulas over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  is given by

$$\varphi := k \mid P_a(x) \mid \neg P_a(x) \mid S(x, y) \mid \neg S(x, y) \mid x \leq y \mid \neg(x \leq y) \\ \mid x \in X \mid \neg(x \in X) \mid \varphi \vee \psi \mid \varphi \wedge \psi \mid \exists x. \varphi \mid \exists X. \varphi \mid \forall x. \varphi \\ k \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}, a \in A.$$

- $MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A) = \{\text{all weighted MSO-formulas over } A \text{ and } \mathbb{R}_{\max}\}$ .
- Representation of  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots \in A^\omega$ , by  $\underline{w} := (\omega, \leq, (R_a)_{a \in A})$   
where  $R_a := \{i \in \omega \mid a_i = a\}$  ( $a \in A$ )

## Definition

The syntax of the weighted MSO-formulas over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  is given by

$$\varphi := k \mid P_a(x) \mid \neg P_a(x) \mid S(x, y) \mid \neg S(x, y) \mid x \leq y \mid \neg(x \leq y)$$
$$\mid x \in X \mid \neg(x \in X) \mid \varphi \vee \psi \mid \varphi \wedge \psi \mid \exists x. \varphi \mid \exists X. \varphi \mid \forall x. \varphi$$

$k \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}, a \in A.$

- $MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A) = \{\text{all weighted MSO-formulas over } A \text{ and } \mathbb{R}_{\max}\}.$
- Representation of  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots \in A^\omega$ , by  $\underline{w} := (\omega, \leq, (R_a)_{a \in A})$   
where  $R_a := \{i \in \omega \mid a_i = a\}$  ( $a \in A$ )
- Consider  $\varphi \in MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$ ,  $A_\varphi = A \times \text{Free}(\varphi)$

## Definition

The syntax of the weighted MSO-formulas over  $A$  and  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}$  is given by

$$\varphi := k \mid P_a(x) \mid \neg P_a(x) \mid S(x, y) \mid \neg S(x, y) \mid x \leq y \mid \neg(x \leq y) \\ \mid x \in X \mid \neg(x \in X) \mid \varphi \vee \psi \mid \varphi \wedge \psi \mid \exists x. \varphi \mid \exists X. \varphi \mid \forall x. \varphi \\ k \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}, a \in A.$$

- $MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A) = \{\text{all weighted MSO-formulas over } A \text{ and } \mathbb{R}_{\max}\}$ .
- Representation of  $w = a_0 a_1 \dots \in A^\omega$ , by  $\underline{w} := (\omega, \leq, (R_a)_{a \in A})$  where  $R_a := \{i \in \omega \mid a_i = a\}$  ( $a \in A$ )
- Consider  $\varphi \in MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$ ,  $A_\varphi = A \times \text{Free}(\varphi)$
- $w \in A^\omega$ ,  $\sigma$  : *assignment* of free variables of  $\varphi$  to positions / sets of positions in  $\underline{w}$   
 $(w, \sigma) \in A_\varphi^\omega$

## Definition (Semantics of $MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$ -formulas)

Semantics of  $\varphi \in MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$ :  $\|\varphi\| : A_{\varphi}^{\omega} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$ .

The coefficient  $(\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  is defined inductively ( $\sigma$  a *valid* assignment) by:

- $(\|k\|, (w, \sigma)) = k$

## Definition (Semantics of $MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$ -formulas)

Semantics of  $\varphi \in MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$ :  $\|\varphi\| : A_\varphi^\omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$ .

The coefficient  $(\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  is defined inductively ( $\sigma$  a *valid* assignment) by:

- $(\|k\|, (w, \sigma)) = k$
- $(\|P_a(x)\|, (w, \sigma)) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } a_i = a \text{ for } i = \sigma(x) \\ -\infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

## Definition (Semantics of $MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$ -formulas)

Semantics of  $\varphi \in MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$ :  $\|\varphi\| : A_{\varphi}^{\omega} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$ .

The coefficient  $(\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  is defined inductively ( $\sigma$  a *valid* assignment) by:

- $(\|k\|, (w, \sigma)) = k$
- $(\|P_a(x)\|, (w, \sigma)) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } a_i = a \text{ for } i = \sigma(x) \\ -\infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
- $(\|S(x, y)\|, (w, \sigma)) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \sigma(x) + 1 = \sigma(y) \\ -\infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

## Definition (Semantics of $MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$ -formulas)

Semantics of  $\varphi \in MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$ :  $\|\varphi\| : A_\varphi^\omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$ .

The coefficient  $(\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  is defined inductively ( $\sigma$  a *valid* assignment) by:

- $(\|k\|, (w, \sigma)) = k$
- $(\|P_a(x)\|, (w, \sigma)) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } a_i = a \text{ for } i = \sigma(x) \\ -\infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
- $(\|S(x, y)\|, (w, \sigma)) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \sigma(x) + 1 = \sigma(y) \\ -\infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
- $(\|x \leq y\|, (w, \sigma)) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \sigma(x) \leq \sigma(y) \\ -\infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

## Definition (Semantics of $MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$ -formulas)

Semantics of  $\varphi \in MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$ :  $\|\varphi\| : A_\varphi^\omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$ .

The coefficient  $(\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  is defined inductively ( $\sigma$  a *valid* assignment) by:

- $(\|k\|, (w, \sigma)) = k$
- $(\|P_a(x)\|, (w, \sigma)) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } a_i = a \text{ for } i = \sigma(x) \\ -\infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
- $(\|S(x, y)\|, (w, \sigma)) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \sigma(x) + 1 = \sigma(y) \\ -\infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
- $(\|x \leq y\|, (w, \sigma)) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \sigma(x) \leq \sigma(y) \\ -\infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
- $(\|x \in X\|, (w, \sigma)) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \sigma(x) \in \sigma(X) \\ -\infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$



## Definition (Semantics of $MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$ -formulas)

Semantics of  $\varphi \in MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$ :  $\|\varphi\| : A_\varphi^\omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\max}$ .

The coefficient  $(\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  is defined inductively ( $\sigma$  a *valid* assignment) by:

- $(\|k\|, (w, \sigma)) = k$
- $(\|P_a(x)\|, (w, \sigma)) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } a_i = a \text{ for } i = \sigma(x) \\ -\infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
- $(\|S(x, y)\|, (w, \sigma)) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \sigma(x) + 1 = \sigma(y) \\ -\infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
- $(\|x \leq y\|, (w, \sigma)) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \sigma(x) \leq \sigma(y) \\ -\infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
- $(\|x \in X\|, (w, \sigma)) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \sigma(x) \in \sigma(X) \\ -\infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
- $(\|\neg\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) = -\infty \\ -\infty & \text{if } (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) = 0 \end{cases}$ , provided that  $\varphi$  is of the form  $P_a(x)$ ,  $S(x, y)$ ,  $x \leq y$  or  $x \in X$

## Definition (Semantics continued)

- $(\|\varphi \vee \psi\|, (w, \sigma)) = (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) \vee (\|\psi\|, (w, \sigma))$

## Definition (Semantics continued)

- $(\|\varphi \vee \psi\|, (w, \sigma)) = (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) \vee (\|\psi\|, (w, \sigma))$
- $(\|\varphi \wedge \psi\|, (w, \sigma)) = (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) + (\|\psi\|, (w, \sigma))$

## Definition (Semantics continued)

- $(\|\varphi \vee \psi\|, (w, \sigma)) = (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) \vee (\|\psi\|, (w, \sigma))$
- $(\|\varphi \wedge \psi\|, (w, \sigma)) = (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) + (\|\psi\|, (w, \sigma))$
- $(\|\exists x. \varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) = \bigvee_{i \in \omega} (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma[x \rightarrow i]))$

## Definition (Semantics continued)

- $(\|\varphi \vee \psi\|, (w, \sigma)) = (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) \vee (\|\psi\|, (w, \sigma))$
- $(\|\varphi \wedge \psi\|, (w, \sigma)) = (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) + (\|\psi\|, (w, \sigma))$
- $(\|\exists x. \varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) = \bigvee_{i \in \omega} (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma[x \rightarrow i]))$
- $(\|\exists X. \varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) = \bigvee_{I \subseteq \omega} (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma[X \rightarrow I]))$

## Definition (Semantics continued)

- $(\|\varphi \vee \psi\|, (w, \sigma)) = (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) \vee (\|\psi\|, (w, \sigma))$
- $(\|\varphi \wedge \psi\|, (w, \sigma)) = (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) + (\|\psi\|, (w, \sigma))$
- $(\|\exists x. \varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) = \bigvee_{i \in \omega} (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma[x \rightarrow i]))$
- $(\|\exists X. \varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) = \bigvee_{I \subseteq \omega} (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma[X \rightarrow I]))$
- $(\|\forall x. \varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) = \sum_{i \in \omega} p^i \cdot (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma[x \rightarrow i]))$ .

## Definition (Semantics continued)

- $(\|\varphi \vee \psi\|, (w, \sigma)) = (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) \vee (\|\psi\|, (w, \sigma))$
- $(\|\varphi \wedge \psi\|, (w, \sigma)) = (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) + (\|\psi\|, (w, \sigma))$
- $(\|\exists x. \varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) = \bigvee_{i \in \omega} (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma[x \rightarrow i]))$
- $(\|\exists X. \varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) = \bigvee_{I \subseteq \omega} (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma[X \rightarrow I]))$
- $(\|\forall x. \varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) = \sum_{i \in \omega} p^i \cdot (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma[x \rightarrow i]))$ .

- **Example** Let  $\varphi = \forall x. (P_a(x) \rightarrow k)$ ,  $k \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}$ .

## Definition (Semantics continued)

- $(\|\varphi \vee \psi\|, (w, \sigma)) = (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) \vee (\|\psi\|, (w, \sigma))$
- $(\|\varphi \wedge \psi\|, (w, \sigma)) = (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) + (\|\psi\|, (w, \sigma))$
- $(\|\exists x. \varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) = \bigvee_{i \in \omega} (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma[x \rightarrow i]))$
- $(\|\exists X. \varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) = \bigvee_{I \subseteq \omega} (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma[X \rightarrow I]))$
- $(\|\forall x. \varphi\|, (w, \sigma)) = \sum_{i \in \omega} p^i \cdot (\|\varphi\|, (w, \sigma[x \rightarrow i]))$ .

- **Example** Let  $\varphi = \forall x. (P_a(x) \rightarrow k)$ ,  $k \in \mathbb{R}_{\max}$ .
- Then  $(\|\varphi\|, w) = k \cdot \sum_{i \in \omega, a_i = a} p^i$   
returns the *discounted cost* of  $a$ 's in  $w$ .



## Definition

- A formula  $\varphi \in MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$  is *almost existential* if whenever  $\varphi$  contains a subformula  $\forall x . \psi$ , then  $\psi$  does not contain any universal quantifier.

## Definition

- A formula  $\varphi \in MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$  is *almost existential* if whenever  $\varphi$  contains a subformula  $\forall x. \psi$ , then  $\psi$  does not contain any universal quantifier.
- Purely syntactic definition!

## Definition

- A formula  $\varphi \in MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$  is *almost existential* if whenever  $\varphi$  contains a subformula  $\forall x. \psi$ , then  $\psi$  does not contain any universal quantifier.
- Purely syntactic definition!
- $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p\text{-aemso}} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle$  : all series in  $\mathbb{R}_{\max} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle$  which are definable by some almost existential sentence in  $MSO(\mathbb{R}_{\max}, A)$

## Theorem (second main result)

$$\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega-rec} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle = \mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-aemso} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle$$

## Proof.

- By induction on the structure of weighted MSO-formulas we show  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-ae\text{MSO}} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle \subseteq \mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega-\text{rec}} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle$ .



## Proof.

- By induction on the structure of weighted MSO-formulas we show  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-ae\text{ms}\text{O}} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle \subseteq \mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega-\text{rec}} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle$ .
- **Crucial steps:**  
If  $\|\varphi\|$  takes on only finitely many values, then



## Proof.

- By induction on the structure of weighted MSO-formulas we show  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-ae\text{MSO}} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle \subseteq \mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega-\text{rec}} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle$ .
- Crucial steps:  
If  $\|\varphi\|$  takes on only finitely many values, then
  - so do  $\|\exists x . \varphi\|$  and  $\|\exists X . \varphi\|$ , and



## Proof.

- By induction on the structure of weighted MSO-formulas we show  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-ae\text{MSO}} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle \subseteq \mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega\text{-rec}} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle$ .

- Crucial steps:

If  $\|\varphi\|$  takes on only finitely many values, then

- so do  $\|\exists x . \varphi\|$  and  $\|\exists X . \varphi\|$ , and
- $\|\forall x . \varphi\|$  is  $\omega$ -recognizable.





## Proof.

- By induction on the structure of weighted MSO-formulas we show  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-ae\text{ms}\omega} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle \subseteq \mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega-\text{rec}} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle$ .
- Crucial steps:
  - If  $\|\varphi\|$  takes on only finitely many values, then
    - so do  $\|\exists x . \varphi\|$  and  $\|\exists X . \varphi\|$ , and
    - $\|\forall x . \varphi\|$  is  $\omega$ -recognizable.
- Conversely, given any weighted Muller automaton  $\mathcal{A}$  we can effectively construct an almost existential sentence  $\varphi$  such that  $\|\mathcal{A}\| = \|\varphi\|$ .



## Proof.

- By induction on the structure of weighted MSO-formulas we show  $\mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-ae\text{MSO}} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle \subseteq \mathbb{R}_{\max}^{p-\omega\text{-rec}} \langle\langle A^\omega \rangle\rangle$ .
  - Crucial steps:  
If  $\|\varphi\|$  takes on only finitely many values, then
    - so do  $\|\exists x . \varphi\|$  and  $\|\exists X . \varphi\|$ , and
    - $\|\forall x . \varphi\|$  is  $\omega$ -recognizable.
  - Conversely, given any weighted Muller automaton  $\mathcal{A}$  we can effectively construct an almost existential sentence  $\varphi$  such that  $\|\mathcal{A}\| = \|\varphi\|$ .
- 
- In the paper we have shown corresponding results for finitary series (over finite words).

- Semiring  $(K+, \cdot, 0, 1)$ : *additively locally finite*  
if for all  $x \in K$ ,  $\{nx \mid n \geq 0\}$  is finite

- Semiring  $(K+, \cdot, 0, 1)$ : *additively locally finite*  
if for all  $x \in K$ ,  $\{nx \mid n \geq 0\}$  is finite
- **Examples**

- Semiring  $(K+, \cdot, 0, 1)$ : *additively locally finite*  
if for all  $x \in K$ ,  $\{nx \mid n \geq 0\}$  is finite
- **Examples**
- any idempotent semiring

- Semiring  $(K+, \cdot, 0, 1)$ : *additively locally finite* if for all  $x \in K$ ,  $\{nx \mid n \geq 0\}$  is finite
- **Examples**
- any idempotent semiring
- any field of prime characteristic

- Semiring  $(K+, \cdot, 0, 1)$ : *additively locally finite* if for all  $x \in K$ ,  $\{nx \mid n \geq 0\}$  is finite
- **Examples**
- any idempotent semiring
- any field of prime characteristic
- the semiring of polynomials  $(K[X], +, \cdot, 0, 1)$  over a variable  $X$  and an additively locally finite semiring  $K$ .

- Semiring  $(K+, \cdot, 0, 1)$ : *additively locally finite* if for all  $x \in K$ ,  $\{nx \mid n \geq 0\}$  is finite
- **Examples**
- any idempotent semiring
- any field of prime characteristic
- the semiring of polynomials  $(K[X], +, \cdot, 0, 1)$  over a variable  $X$  and an additively locally finite semiring  $K$ .

## Corollary

*Let  $K$  be a computable, additively locally finite, commutative semiring, or let  $K = \mathbb{R}_{\max}$  or  $K = \mathbb{R}_{\min}$ . Let  $0 \leq p < 1$ . Given an almost existential MSO( $K, A$ )-formula  $\varphi$  whose atomic entries from  $K$  are effectively given, we can effectively compute a weighted automaton, resp. a weighted Muller automaton,  $\mathcal{A}$  such that  $\|\varphi\| = \|\mathcal{A}\|$ .*



# Other work

Weighted automata and weighted logics on

- finite words

- finite words

- M. Droste, P. Gastin, Weighted automata and weighted logics, *Theoret. Comput. Sci.* 380(2007) 69-86; extended abstract in: *32nd ICALP, LNCS 3580(2005) 513-525.*

- finite words
  - M. Droste, P. Gastin, Weighted automata and weighted logics, *Theoret. Comput. Sci.* 380(2007) 69-86; extended abstract in: *32nd ICALP, LNCS 3580(2005) 513-525.*
- infinite words over complete semirings

- finite words

- M. Droste, P. Gastin, Weighted automata and weighted logics, *Theoret. Comput. Sci.* 380(2007) 69-86; extended abstract in: *32nd ICALP, LNCS 3580(2005) 513-525.*

- infinite words over complete semirings

- M. Droste, G. Rahonis, Weighted automata and weighted logics on infinite words. Special issue on "Workshop on words and automata, WOWA'2006" (M. Volkov, ed.) *Russian Mathematics (Iz. VUZ)*, to appear; extended abstract in: *Proceedings of DLT'06, LNCS 4036(2006) 49-58.*

# Other work (continued)

Weighted automata and weighted logics on

- finite trees

# Other work (continued)

Weighted automata and weighted logics on

- finite trees
  - M. Droste, H. Vogler, Weighted tree automata and weighted logics, *Theoret. Comput. Sci.* 366(2006) 228-247.

# Other work (continued)

Weighted automata and weighted logics on

- finite trees
  - M. Droste, H. Vogler, Weighted tree automata and weighted logics, *Theoret. Comput. Sci.* 366(2006) 228-247.
- infinite trees

# Other work (continued)

Weighted automata and weighted logics on

- finite trees
  - M. Droste, H. Vogler, Weighted tree automata and weighted logics, *Theoret. Comput. Sci.* 366(2006) 228-247.
- infinite trees
  - G. Rahonis, Weighted Muller tree automata and weighted logics. Special issue on "Weighted automata" (M. Droste, H. Vogler, eds.) *J. of Automata Languages and Combinatorics*, accepted.



# Other work (continued)

Weighted automata and weighted logics on

- finite trees
  - M. Droste, H. Vogler, Weighted tree automata and weighted logics, *Theoret. Comput. Sci.* 366(2006) 228-247.
- infinite trees
  - G. Rahonis, Weighted Muller tree automata and weighted logics. Special issue on "Weighted automata" (M. Droste, H. Vogler, eds.) *J. of Automata Languages and Combinatorics*, accepted.
- pictures

# Other work (continued)

## Weighted automata and weighted logics on

- finite trees
  - M. Droste, H. Vogler, Weighted tree automata and weighted logics, *Theoret. Comput. Sci.* 366(2006) 228-247.
- infinite trees
  - G. Rahonis, Weighted Muller tree automata and weighted logics. Special issue on "Weighted automata" (M. Droste, H. Vogler, eds.) *J. of Automata Languages and Combinatorics*, accepted.
- pictures
  - I. Mäurer, Weighted picture automata and weighted logics, in: *Proceedings of STACS 2006, LNCS 3884*(2006).

# Other work (continued)

## Weighted automata and weighted logics on

- finite trees
  - M. Droste, H. Vogler, Weighted tree automata and weighted logics, *Theoret. Comput. Sci.* 366(2006) 228-247.
- infinite trees
  - G. Rahonis, Weighted Muller tree automata and weighted logics. Special issue on "Weighted automata" (M. Droste, H. Vogler, eds.) *J. of Automata Languages and Combinatorics*, accepted.
- pictures
  - I. Mäurer, Weighted picture automata and weighted logics, in: *Proceedings of STACS 2006, LNCS 3884*(2006).
  - I. Fichtner, *Characterizations of Recognizable Picture Series*, PhD Thesis, Leipzig University, 2006.

# Other work (continued)

Weighted automata and weighted logics on

- traces

# Other work (continued)

Weighted automata and weighted logics on

- traces

- I. Meinecke, Weighted logics for traces, in: *Proceedings of CSR 2006*, LNCS 3967(2006) 235-246.

# Other work (continued)

Weighted automata and weighted logics on

- traces
  - I. Meinecke, Weighted logics for traces, in: *Proceedings of CSR 2006*, LNCS 3967(2006) 235-246.
- texts

# Other work (continued)

Weighted automata and weighted logics on

- traces

- I. Meinecke, Weighted logics for traces, in: *Proceedings of CSR 2006, LNCS 3967(2006)* 235-246.

- texts

- C. Mathissen, Definable transductions and weighted logics for texts, *11th International Conference on Developments in Language Theory (DLT) 2007, Turku.*

Thank you